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PPM—01—2025

FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharma (I Sem.) EXAMINATION

JUNE, 2025

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE

MPA-101(T)

(Tuesday 17-6-2025)

Time : 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

N.B. :— (i) All questions are compulsory.

(ii) Answer to the point only.

1. Attempt the following : 10×2=20
- (a) State Beer-Lambert's law in your own words.
 - (b) What is role of sample holder in IR spectroscopy ?
 - (c) Differentiate between FT-NMR and ¹³C NMR in terms of basic principle.
 - (d) How does atomic absorption spectroscopy differ from flame emission spectroscopy ?
 - (e) What are isotopic peaks ?
 - (f) What is role of stationary phase in TLC ?
 - (g) What role do ions play in the separation of ion-exchange chromatography ?
 - (h) Name *two* types of detectors used in UHPLC.
 - (i) What is X-ray powder diffraction method ?
 - (j) Define glass transition temperature (T_g) in thermal analysis.

P.T.O.

2. Attempt any *two* : 2×10=20
- (a) Provide detailed overview of the instrumentation of FTIR spectrophotometer
 - (b) Analyze the applications of NMR spectroscopy in various fields.
 - (c) Explain the chromatographic parameters such as retention factor, resolution and efficiency and how they are used to evaluate G.C. performance.
3. Attempt the following (any *seven*) : 7×5=35
- (a) What is derivative spectroscopy and how does it differ from traditional UV-visible spectroscopy ?
 - (b) Discuss solvent requirements in NMR spectroscopy. Why are certain solvents preferred over others ?
 - (c) Explain process of electron impact ionization and its typical applications.
 - (d) Discuss roles of detectors in HPLC and explain how UV-vis-detector work ?
 - (e) What are key factors affecting separation in gel electrophoresis ?
 - (f) What is rotating crystal technique and how it is used to determine crystal structure ?
 - (g) Discuss the advantages and limitations of potentiometry in analytical chemistry.
 - (h) Explain working principle of DSC.
 - (i) Explain principle and working mechanism of TGA.

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PPM—14—2025

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

M. Pharmacy (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

JUNE, 2025

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Paper MQA-102T

(Thursday, 19-06-2025)

Time : 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

N.B. :— (i) All questions are compulsory.

(ii) Answer to the point only.

(iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Answer the following :

10×2=20

(a) Define six sigma.

(b) Define quality and enlist the different dimensions of quality.

(c) Define strategy and goal.

(d) Define internal customer and external customer.

(e) What is customer satisfaction ?

P.T.O.

- (f) Define corrective action and preventive action.
- (g) Mention the accelerated, intermediate and long term temperature condition for stability study.
- (h) Enumerate the different tools and techniques of investigation.
- (i) Define the different zones of stability study.
- (j) Write the steps involved in QbD approach.

2. Solve any *two* of the following : 2×10=20

- (a) Discuss in detail about stability of new drug product.
- (b) Discuss in detail about evolution of quality and *eight* dimensions of quality.
- (c) Describe in detail process involved in vendor qualification annual product review and batch release.

3. Solve *seven* out of nine : 7×5=35

- (a) Write in detail about NABL certification.
- (b) What is quality management system ? Write in detail about different principles of quality management system.
- (c) Explain the ISO 9001 : 2008.
- (d) Discuss in brief about handling of market complaints.

- (e) Explain the ICHQ8.
- (f) What is customer perception ? Write in brief about the factors affecting the customer perception.
- (g) Discuss in brief about product recall.
- (h) Discuss in brief about CAPA management.
- (i) Explain various types of benchmarking.

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PPM—38—2025

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES & TECHNOLOGY

M. Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

JUNE, 2025

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT & TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

MQA-104T

(Tuesday, 24-06-2025)

Time : 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

N.B. :— (i) All questions are compulsory.

(ii) Answer to the point only.

1. Solve *all* the following :

10×2=20

(a) What do you mean by NDA ?

(b) Define Technology Transfer.

(c) What do you mean by Impurity profiling ?

(d) Write a short note on co-solvency.

(e) Give steps involved in drug development.

(f) Enlist the techniques for study of crystal properties.

P.T.O.

- (g) Give the challenges in new era of drug products.
- (h) Classify the pharmaceutical packaging.
- (i) Enlist the special equipment used in liquid dosage form.
- (j) Draw a layout of pilot plant scale up for parenteral dosage form.

2. Solve any *two* of the following : 2×10=20

- (a) What is NDA application ? Discuss in brief about content and format of NDA.
- (b) Discuss in brief about preformulation studies giving special emphasis on solubility partition coefficient and polymorphism.

3. Solve any *seven* of the following : 7×5=35

- (a) What are aseptic packaging systems ? What are advantages and types of aseptic packaging systems ?
- (b) Describe procedure for filing of ANDA in India.
- (c) What is the concept of solubility ? Explain any *two* methods to enhance solubility in detail.
- (d) Give significance of pilot plant scale up. Discuss steps involved in pilot plant scale up for solid dosage form.
- (e) Define medical device packaging with its quality control tests.

- (f) Write about various qualitative and quantitative models for technology transfer.
- (g) Elaborate various challenges occur during the scale up of new product development.
- (h) Write in detail about formula, equipment, process, stability and quality control of semisolids.
- (i) Describe the packaging of pharmaceuticals and material used for packaging.